

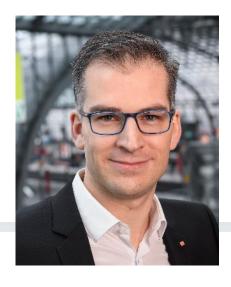
Welcome to our 2024 autumn roadshow – Introduction of Deutsche Bahn team





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Agreement signed with DSV for sale of our international logistics subsidiary DB Schenker





New DB Group structure underlines focus on core business



Revenue structure (external) **INTEGRATED RAIL SYSTEM (100%) PASSENGER TRANSPORT (59%) RAIL FREIGHT (20%) DB Regional DB Long-DB Cargo** € 9.5 bn | 37% € 5.3 bn | 20% Distance € 5.7 bn | 22% **INFRASTRUCTURE (18%) + OTHER (3%) DB Netze Track DB Netze DB Energy Stations** € 2.0 bn | 7% € 2.2 bn | 8% € 0.7 bn | 3% New: DB InfraGO (2024) DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

DB SCHENKER

Sale contract signed

in September 2024

DB Schenker

€ 19.1 bn

ite inguies (ebil)	2023	2022
Revenues ¹⁾	45.2	52.1
Net loss for the year ¹⁾	-2.4	-0.2
EBITDA adjusted ¹⁾	2.9	4.8
EBIT adjusted ¹⁾	-1.0	1.2
Equity (as of Dec 31)	12.1	14.7
Net financial debt (as of Dec 31)	34.0	28.8
Total assets (as of Dec 31)	77.5	76.3
Capital employed (as of Dec 31)	48.3	45.3
ROCE (%)	-2.0	2.7
Debt coverage (%)	5.2	11.8
Gross capital expenditures ¹⁾	16.9	15.1
Net capital expenditures ¹⁾	7.6	6.5
Cash flow from operating activities	es ¹⁾ 3.0	5.6
Maturities	2.4	2.2
Bond issues (senior)	3.0	3.1

2023

2022

Kev figures (€ bn)

DB Arriva

Sale completed

end of May 2024

€ 4.0 bn

¹⁾ DB Arriva accounted for as held for sale (IFRS 5) since 2023, figures for 2022 adjusted accordingly.

DB Group's core business shows clear need for action

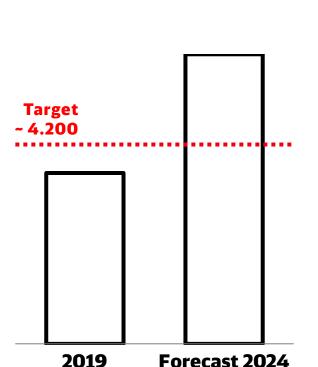


Target



Delays due to infrastructure

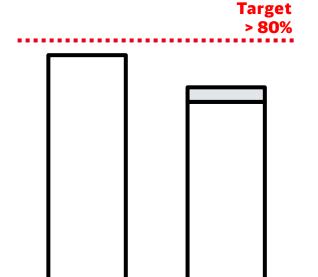
(Lost Units per day; sector)





2019

Punctuality DB Long-Distance (%)

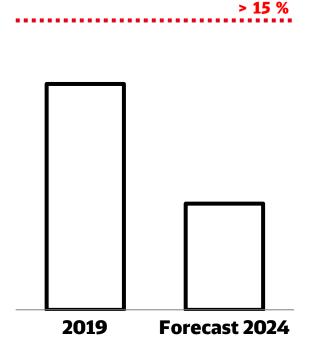


Forecast 2024



Debt coverage

(%)



Comprehensive 3-year restructuring program S3 for significant improvements in three areas: infrastructure, rail operations and profitability



S3 program will regain the performance capability of the Integrated Rail System and create a solid basis for the further growth path of Strong Rail by 2027.



Infrastructure

Trend reversal in infrastructure

 Fast modernization of the existing network (particularly general modernizations, small and medium-sized measures, stations, service facilities).



Operations

Stabilizing punctuality

- Introduction of a scheduled construction system in order to improve timetables.
- Reduction of over-utilized tracks and hubs in order to stabilize operations.
- Improving vehicle quality.



Profitability

Securing financial viability

- Improving personnel productivity.
- Adjustment of capex development.
- Business model transformation
 DB Long-Distance and DB Cargo.
- Increasing profitability DB Regional.

Target 2027:

~ **-**20%

Delays due to infrastructure¹⁾

Target 2027:

75-80%

Punctuality DB Long-Distance

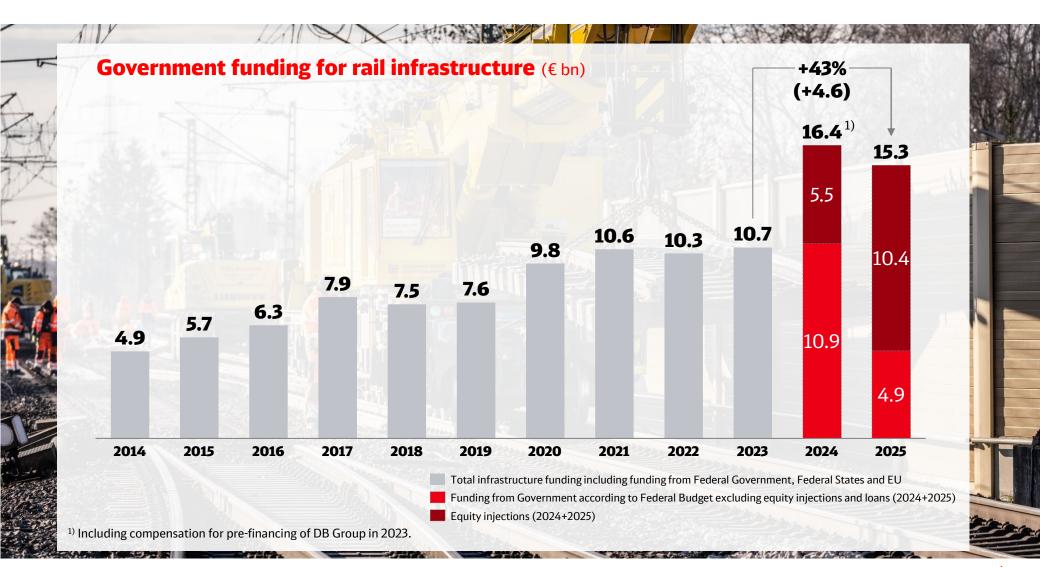
Target 2027:

€2bn

EBIT

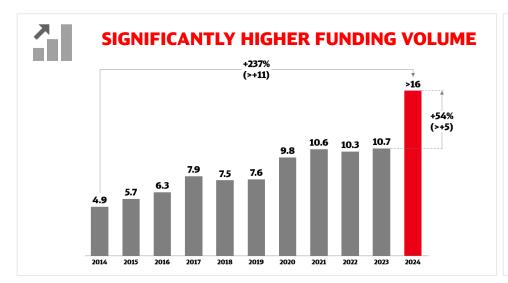
Improving infrastructure: Government funding for rail infrastructure increased by >40% to fix problems quickly and thoroughly

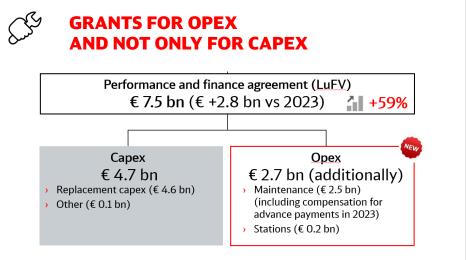


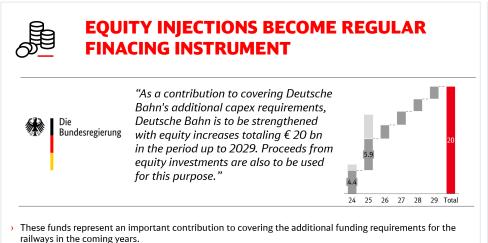


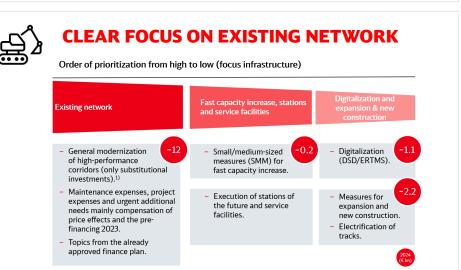
In 2024 we see fundamental changes in the Government support for the infrastructure





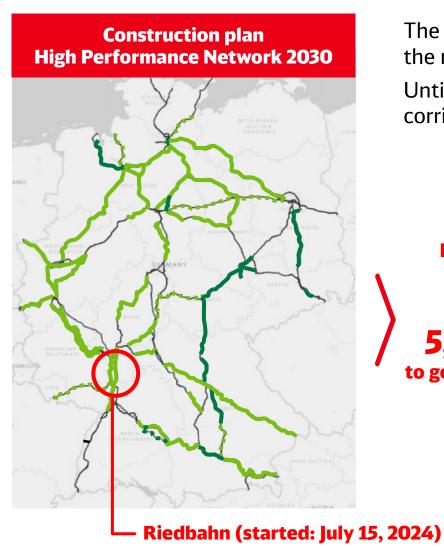






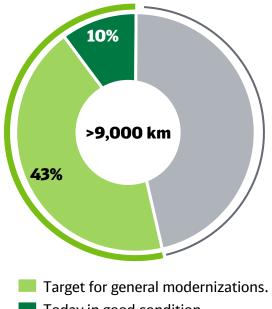
Improving infrastructure: With general modernizations we create a high-performance network





The general modernization is the central element of the new strategy for the high-performance network. Until end of 2030 up to 40 highly frequented corridors will be fully modernized.





Today in good condition.

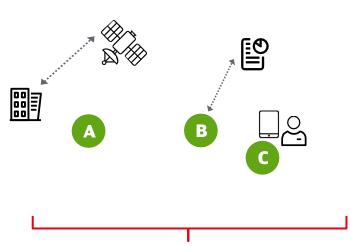
Regular modernization measures

Improving operations: We will implement initiatives for digitalization of vehicles, schedule creation and carrying out operations





Main digitalization initiatives until 2027



Mid- to long-term initiatives: Implementation Digital Rail for Germany with ETCS, starting among others with the digital hub Stuttgart

- A **Vehicles:** status monitoring and tracking Most trains with real time tracking and status monitoring allowing preventive and predictive fleet management and maintenance.
- B Schedule creation and digital capacity management

We introduce a new high-performing software which supports with the creation of consistent schedules without conflicts. This includes among other factors the automation of the construction schedule.

Execution of operations: transmitting schedule data

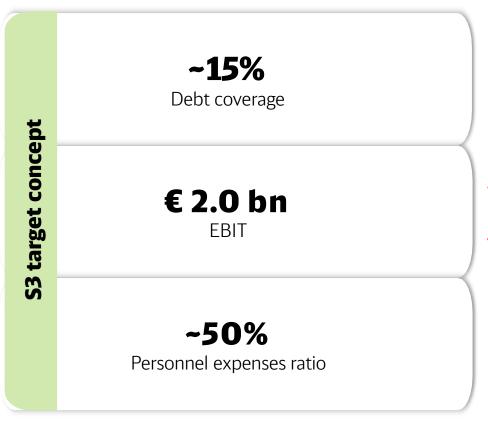
We provide the traction unit drivers with real-time schedule data including all deviations on their tablets via the "digital schedule."

Improving profitability: We have defined clear targets and measures until 2027





Key targets and levers for improving financial situation until 2027



Together Strong

We significantly reduce the personnel requirements particularly in administration and sales and indirect operational functions.

Transformation DB Long-Distance

We increase the earning power of our business model and adjust the capex development.

Transformation DB Cargo

We realize the restructuring path agreed with the EU Commission and set up DB Cargo in a market-oriented way.

Increasing profitability DB Regional

We increase the profitability of the existing business model by strengthening the financial and operational resilience.

Improving profitability: We take short-term actions in the light of the profit development in 2024



Safeguarding results in 2024

Decentralized adjustment

Flat-rate cost budget reduction under the responsibility of the divisions/departments of the business units/internal service providers.

Centralized approval process

Flat-rate budget reduction under the responsibility of the divisions/ departments in the business units

plus

explicit central approval process for amounts >€ 1,000 for certain subsidiaries.

Total effects (H1 2024) 1)



Scope of measures

Material costs:

Advertising, consulting, traveling, IT services, external services, expenses for training, etc.

Personnel expenses

Hiring in administration and sales, individual salary adjustments effective in 2024.

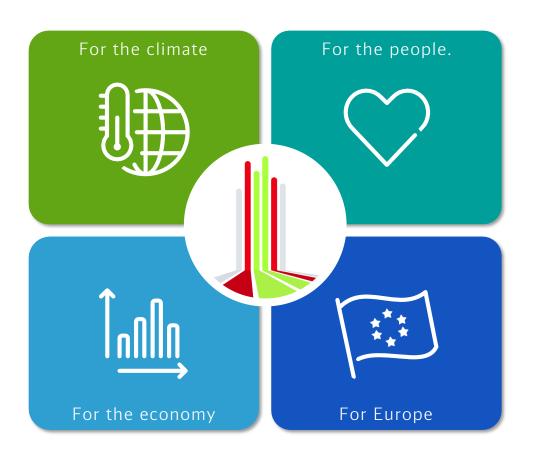
Excluding expenses for:

- ... maintaining operations,
- ... compliance with legal and safety regulations,
- ... safeguarding quality and service for external customers.

¹⁾ Excluding personnel expenses

Our mission: the successful execution of the Strong Rail strategy is an elementary cornerstone of the German mobility transition





The overarching Strong Rail strategy is anchored to the traffic and climate-related of the Federal Government.





2x

Volume sold rail passenger transport



25 %

Rail share of overall freight transport

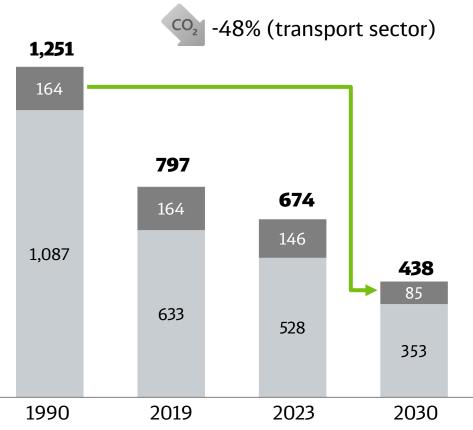


Introduction Germany in sync

Germany's climate protection targets can only be reached supported by a significant traffic shift to rail



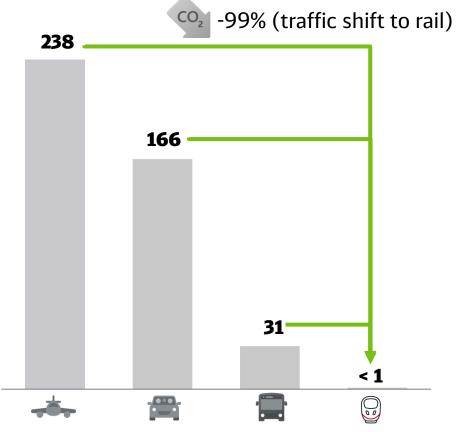




CO₂e emissions in Germany (mn t CO₂e)

Transport sector Other sectors

Rail massively contributes to climate protection



Passenger transport in Germany (g CO₂e/pkm)

We aim to be climate neutral by 2040 with 100% renewable power, more electrification, phase-out of diesel and heating transition



Our ESG targets (examples):



40% women in leadership by 2035

We aim to increase the proportion of women in leadership¹⁾ to a total of 40% by the end of 2035 at Supervisory Board, Management Board/Management Board, first and second management level after achieving our target of 30% women in leadership by 2024.



100% green electricity by 2038

We will switch DB's traction current completely to renewable energies²⁾ by 2038. In our stations, plants and buildings, we will use only green electricity from as early as 2025.



Climate neutrality by 2040

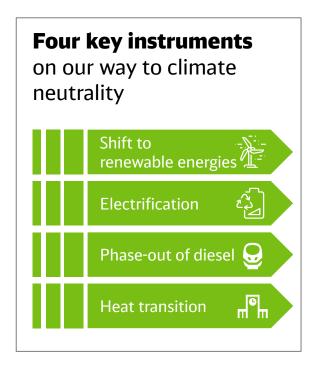
We are achieving this with the switch to green electricity, the electrification of rail lines, the phase-out of diesel on roads and rails, and the heat transition in our buildings.

New: Absolute yearly targets in incentive scheme.



Circular economy until 2040

For the first time we have set ourselves targets to increase the recycling shares of rail steel, concrete sleepers and track ballast, which account for about 80% of resource input. We are maintaining our recycling rate for output at a high level of at least 95%.



¹⁾ Share of women in leadership positions at the companies affected by the Second Management Positions Act (FüPoG II).

²⁾ Renewable energies: Energy from renewable sources that are theoretically unlimited in supply, such as water, wind or sunlight.

2024 marks a year of fundamental change for DB Group with a significantly strengthened focus on the core business





Agreement to sell logistics subsidiary DB Schenker increases focus on core business and allows for significant deleveraging and contributing to the Group's financial sustainability with funds remaining within DB Group.

S3 restructuring program for structurally improving DB Group in infrastructure, rail operations and profitability.



Fundamental volume trends positive, significant increase due to new Germany-Ticket. Dampening one-time effects due to strikes in H1 2024.



Financial recovery temporarily interrupted due to ongoing impact of higher infrastructure expenses, strike effects and pending implementation of Government support measures.



Operating result for FY 2024 expected to improve against H1 due to positive expected development in H2 and implementation of Government support measures, but below original expectations.



Government supports rail on a significantly higher level, first part of equity increase (€ 3 bn) in 2024 implemented in June.



Key drivers of development in H1 2024 were strike effects, weak infrastructure quality and the outstanding compensation for pre-financing of Government infrastructure measures



- 1 Volume development impacted by strike activities in Q1 2024.
- 2 Germany Ticket for public transport in Germany with significant positive effects on demand.
- 3 General modernizations started in July 2024 to significantly improve operational performance.
- 4 Additional Government support via equity and grants for maintenance.
- Ongoing significant positive contribution by DB Schenker despite normalization of freight rates.
- 6 Net debt below year end 2023.
- 7 Capital market activities continued, bonds totaling € 1.1 bn issued so far in 2024.
- 8 Outlook for 2024 mixed: improvement in profitability compared to 2023 but below expectations.

The economic development in H1 2024 was mainly influenced by five factors leading to a significant profit deterioration





Pre-financing of Government measures

Additional Government funding for maintenance expenses not implemented until second half of 2024.





Construction activities

Restrictions in operating performance and quality due to high construction activities with impact on revenues and costs.



Cost increases

Mainly increases in personnel expenses due to higher wages.



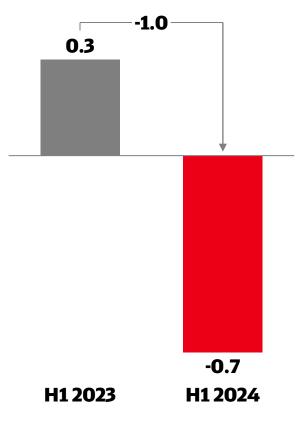
Strikes

Intensive strike actions impacted the development of German rail business in Q1 2024.



Freight rate normalization

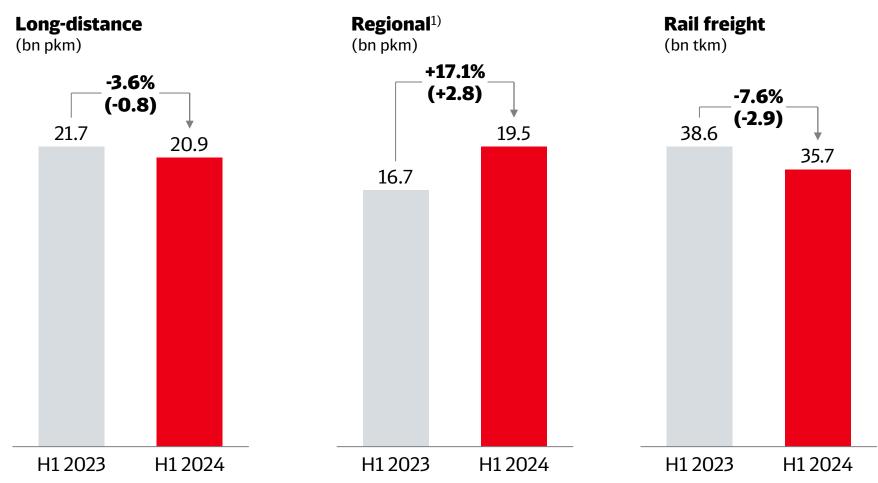
Reductions in freight rates had an impact on revenues and profits of DB Schenker in H1 2024 while volumes increased slightly.



Performance development impacted by strikes in Q1 2024



Performance indicators (rail) – Integrated Rail System

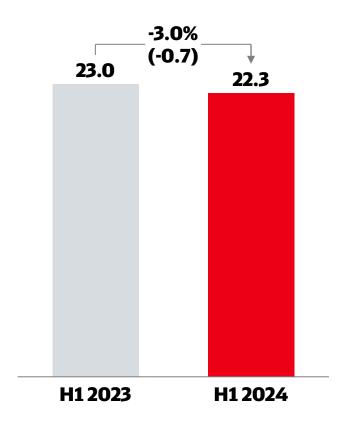


¹⁾ DB Regional and UBB Usedomer Bäderbahn GmbH. pkm = passenger kilometer. tkm = ton kilometer.

Revenues rail transport constant despite strike effects



Revenues (€ bn)



Key driver

- Constant revenues in Integrated Rail
 Norm
 System despite strike effects.
- New Germany Ticket with significant positive effects on demand.

Normalization of freight rates at DB
Schenker

€ mn	H1 2024	H1 2023	+/- €	+/- %
DB Long-Distance	2,717	2,791	-74	-2.7
DB Regional	4,953	4,683	+270	+5.8
DB Cargo	2,624	2,746	-122	-4.4
DB InfraGO	1,507	1,407	+100	+7.1
DB Energy	715	961	-246	-25.6
Other / Consolidation IRS	388	351	+37	+10.5
Integrated Rail System	12,904	12,939	-35	-0.3
DB Schenker	9,406	10,067	-661	-6.6
DB Group	22,310	23,005	-695	-3.0

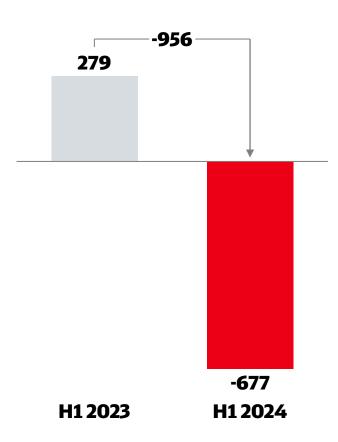
¹⁾ Excluding FX effects and chances in the scope of consolidation.

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EBIT development mainly driven by outstanding repayment of pre-financings for infrastructure and strike effects







Key driver

- Positive volume effects
- Short-term countermeasures
- Outstanding repayment of pre-financings for infrastructure.
- Strike effects in Integrated Rail System
- Freight rate normalization at DB Schenker

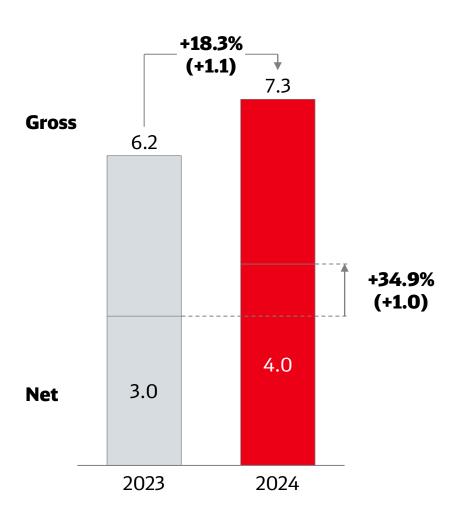
EBIT adjusted by business units (€ mn)

	H1 2024	H1 2023	+/- €	+/- %
DB Long-Distance	-232	-62	-170	_
DB Regional	-66	-38	-28	+73.7
DB Cargo	-261	-195	-66	+33.8
DB InfraGO	-712	-234	-478	_
DB Energy	192	310	-118	-38.1
Other / Consolidation IRS	-117	-120	+3	-2.5
Integrated Rail System	-1,196	-339	-857	_
DB Schenker	520	626	-106	-16.9
DB Group	-677	279	-956	_

Further significant capex increase driven by infrastructure. Net Capex increased due to additional financing via equity injections



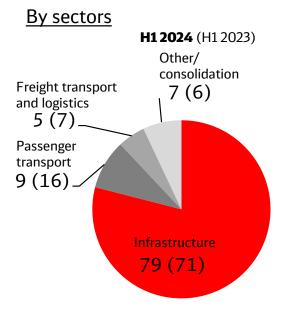
Capital expenditures (€ bn)



Key driver

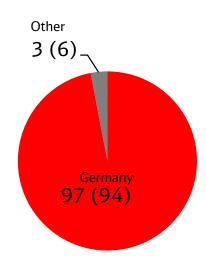
Significantly higher infrastructure net capex (> € 1.3 bn) due to new financing via equity injections by the Government.

Gross capex split (%)



By regions

H1 2024 (H1 2023)



24

Addition of final ICE 4 trains and further ICE 3neo to our ICE fleet gives additional boost to capacity





- > Entire ICE 4 fleet was delivered on schedule.
- The ICE 4 is the backbone of our longdistance fleet.
- > 137 trains are now in operation:
 - > 50 trains with 12 cars (830 sets).
 - 50 trains with 13 cars ("XXL-ICE") offering 918 seats, which are used on busy routes.
 - 37 trains with 7 cars, these ICE trains can also be coupled to form a so-called double traction of 14 cars.

> ICE fleet in total: 410 trains (as of Jun 2024)

>	ICE 1	58

> ICE 3 79

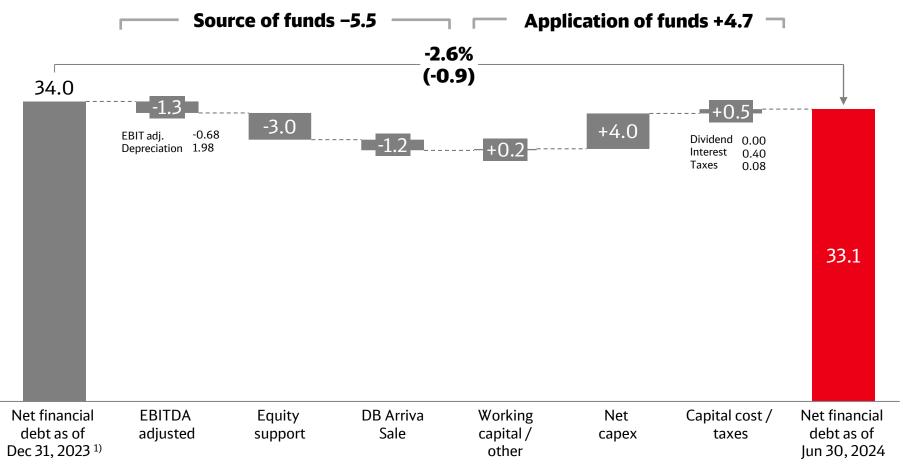
ICE 3neo 21

• ICE 4 137

Decrease of net debt mainly driven by equity support, partially compensated by capex



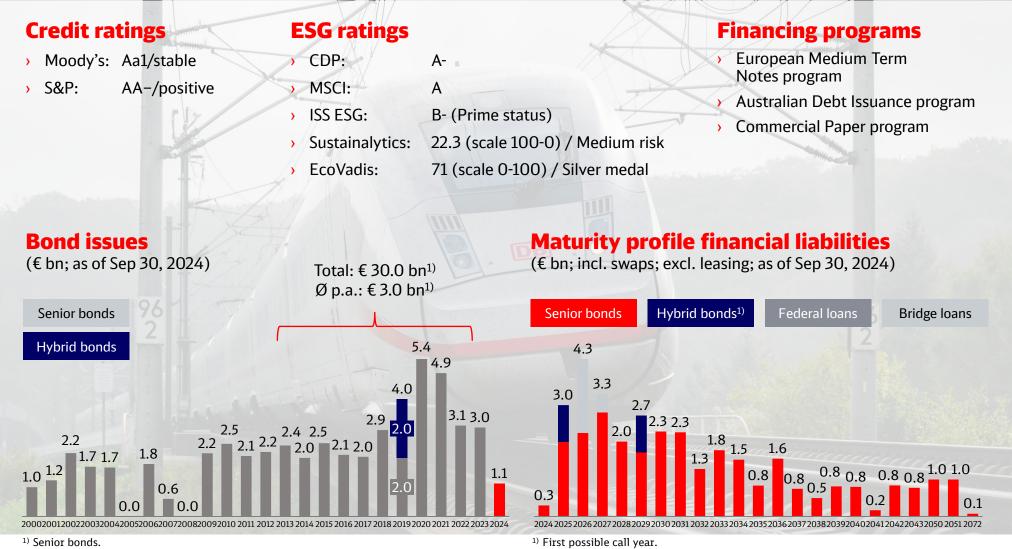
Net financial debt (€ bn)



Possible differences are due to rounding. 1) Including DB Arriva.

We enjoy strong credit and sustainability ratings and strong financing power due to established financing programs

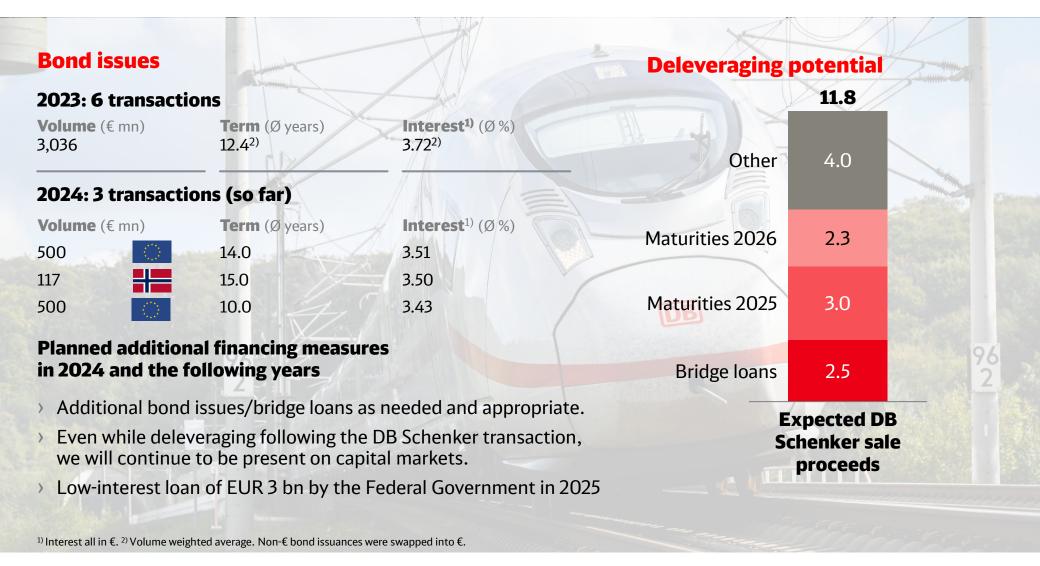




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We will continuously tap the bond markets in the years to come, three bonds issued so far in 2024







Contact details and further information



Investor Relations: www.db.de/ir-e



Rating:

www.db.de/rating-e



Integrated Report:

www.db.de/ib-e



Integrated Interim Report

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